# **Backup of ESXi Virtual Machines using Affa**

## From SME Server



#### Skill level: Advanced

The instructions on this page may require deviations from procedure, a good

understanding of linux and SME is recommended.

## Contents

- I Introduction
- 2 Preparing the Affa Server
  - 2.1 Affa Installation
  - 2.2 VMware Infrastructure (VI) Perl Toolkit Installation
    - 2.2.1 Configure the DAG repository
    - 2.2.2 Install the VMware Infrastructure (VI) Perl Toolkit
- 3 Preparing the ESXi Host for use with Affa
  - 3.1 Adding an ESXi User with restricted Permissions
    - 3.1.1 Adding Affa role
    - 3.1.2 Adding Affa user
    - 3.1.3 Assigning permissions
  - 3.2 Configuring SSH and RSYNC on the ESX3i Host
    - 3.2.1 Download and install the script
- 4 Setting up an Affa job
- 5 Uninstall
- 6 Addtional Information
  - 6.1 How to update the ESXi System Image
  - 6.2 How to make a statically linked Rsync Binary
- 7 References

## Introduction

Affa supports hot backing up virtual machines running on the VMWare ESXi server. It uses the VMware Infrastructure Perl Toolkit to communicate with the EXSi and rsync over ssh to transfer the data. Before the backup starts, the state of the running VM is freezed by creating a snapshot of all its disks. After the freezed virtual disk files were backed up, the snapshot is deleted and the config points to the just backed up disks again. Then, as a last step the config files are backed up.

A restore of a VM can be done by simply copying back all archived files to the original location on the ESXi host. It is also possible to copy the files to a different directory (or to another ESXi server) and add the vmx file to the inventory. Alternatively with SambaShare=yes the VMWare Converter tool can be used.



This document is applicable to ESX3i with an USB boot device. It will most likely not work with other type of boot devices



This software comes 'as is' without any warranty. Errors in design and/or implementation cannot be completely eliminated. Therefore take precautions to avoid negative impacts to your system.

## Preparing the Affa Server

#### **Affa Installation**

Install the Affa program as described here: Affa#Installation\_or\_Update

#### VMware Infrastructure (VI) Perl Toolkit Installation

#### Configure the DAG repository

The following command will configure the dag repository on SME Server.

```
/sbin/e-smith/db yum_repositories set dag repository \
Name 'Dag - EL4' \
BaseURL 'http://apt.sw.be/redhat/el4/en/$basearch/dag' \
EnableGroups no \
GPGCheck yes \
GPGKey http://dag.wieers.com/packages/RPM-GPG-KEY.dag.txt \
Visible no \
Exclude freetype,htop,iptraf,rsync,syslinux \
status disabled
```

After adding it to the database we have to update the changes to the configuration file:



Login as root and run:

```
/usr/bin/yum install openssl-devel
/usr/bin/yum --enable=dag install perl-XML-SAX
```

#### Install the VMware Infrastructure (VI) Perl Toolkit

Download the VI Perl Toolkit tarball from the VMWare web site: http://www.vmware.com/support/developer/viperltoolkit/

```
tar xzf VMware-VIPerl-1.6.0-104313.i386.tar.gz
cd vmware-viperl-distrib
```

Edit the vmware-install.pl script and comment out these lines

r	
4738 #	if ( -d '/proc/xen' ) {
4739 #	error('You cannot install ' .
4740 #	vmware product name() .
4741 #	' on a system running a xen kernel.');
4742 #	}
ί	·

Run the script

F	1
	1
./vmware-install.pl	1
1 -	
1	

Ignore this warning: The following Perl modules were found on the system but may be too old to work with VIPerl: URI XML::NamespaceSupport

## Preparing the ESXi Host for use with Affa

To make the ESXi server ready to cooperate with Affa you must install the rsync program, enable the ssh service, configure passwordless ssh login and add a user for API communication using the VMware Infrastructure (VI) Perl Toolkit.

## Adding an ESXi User with restricted Permissions

Run the Virtual Infrastructure Client and logon to the ESXi host.

#### Adding Affa role

Switch to the Administration module and add a new role with permissions to create and delete snapshots

🛃 Add Role			×
Name Enter Name:	Affa		
	oxes below to enable or dis nique name for the role and		able to this
Dat	ual Machine Inventory Interaction Configuration		
Description:	Datacenter		
Help		ок	Cancel

## Adding Affa user

Switch back to the *Inventory* module and add a new user with password:

🕜 Add New Us	er		×		
User Informatio	n <b>T</b>				
Login:	affa	UID:			
User Name:	Affa				
	User name and UID are	optional			
Enter passwor	Enter password				
Password:	Password: *******				
Confirm:	****				
	Group membership				
		-			
Group:		Add			
		Remove			
	-				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		OK	Cancel		

## Assigning permissions

In the *Permission Tab* assign the new role to the new user.

🖉 Assign Permissions			×
To assign a permission to an one or more of the names ar Users and Groups These users and groups can object according to the selec	nd assign a role. interact with the current	d their names to the Users and Groups list below. Then se Assigned Role Selected users and groups can interact with the curr object according to the chosen role and privileges.	
Name Role	Propagate	Affa	•
Affa Affa	Yes	<ul> <li>All Privileges</li> <li>Global</li> <li>Folder</li> <li>Datacenter</li> <li>Datastore</li> <li>Network</li> <li>Host</li> <li>Virtual Machine</li> <li>Resource</li> <li>Alarms</li> <li>Tacke</li> </ul>	ion
Ac	ld Remove	Propagate to Child Objects	
Help			el

#### Configuring SSH and RSYNC on the ESX3i Host

On ESXi the SSH service Dropbear is installed but disabled. To use rsync the SSH service must be enabled and the rsync program must be installed. To enable passwordless login a .ssh directory for storing the keys must be created.

A script affa-setup.sh is provided that does this:

- enable SSH service by configuring inetd.conf and restarting the inetd service
- install rsync (statically linked binary)
- create a /root home directory with a .ssh sub directory to store the public keys for password-less login
- link the .ssh directory to the non-volatile USB device
- add a command to /etc/rc.local that executes all the steps above at boot time

#### Download and install the script

On the ESXi Server console hit Alt-F1 to get the service shell. Now blind-type the word **unsupported** to unlock the shell.

Login with the root password.

```
You have activated Tech Support Mode.

The time and date of this activation have been sent to the system logs.

WARNING - Tech Support Mode is not supported unless used in

consultation with VMware Tech Support. Tech Support Mode may be

disabled by an administrative user. Disabling requires a reboot of

the system. Please consult the ESX Server 3i Configuration Guide

for important additional information.

Password:

Tech Support Mode successfully accessed.

The time and date of this access have been sent to the system logs.

WARNING - Tech Support Mode is not supported unless used in

consultation with VMware Tech Support.

~ # vi /etc/inetd.conf
```

Download the tarball. The tarball contains the rsync binary and the script.

```
cd /bootbank
wget http://mirror.contribs.org/smeserver/contribs/michaelw/sme7/Affa2/affa-esxi-setup-02.tgz
```

#### Verify the download



#### Unpack it

```
tar xzf affa-esxi-setup-02.tgz
rm affa-esxi-setup-02.tgz*
```

#### and run the script

./bexi/affa-setup.sh

Now you can ssh login and use rsync.

## Setting up an Affa job

The following assumes, that you are already familiar with configuring Affa and only focus on the ESXi specific parts.

Assume you want to backup the virtual machine named 'myvm' on ESXi server with IP 10.200.48.5.

log into the 'affabox' and copy the config helper script

cp -a /usr/lib/affa/jobconfig-esxi-sample.pl /root/esxi-myvm-job.pl

edit /root/esxi-myvm-job.pl and set ------\$iobname='esxi-mvvm'; and 'remoteHostName'=>'10.200.48.5', tell Affa that this job backups a ESXi virtual machine 'ESXi' => 'ves', set the VM name -----'ESXiVMName' => 'myvm', set the username and password (this is the ESXi User with restricted permissions created above) 'ESXiUsername' => 'affa', 'ESXiPassword' => 'secret', \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ configure virtual disk files to be compressed and chunked chunkFiles' => \*.vmdk'. save the script, then run it /root/esxi-myvm-job.pl send the public key affa --send-key esxi-myvm run the job manually affa --run esxi-myvm -----

When the Affa job starts, you can watch the snapshot create task in the Virtual Infrastructure Client.

Recent Tasks				
Name	Target	Status	Initiated by	7
Create Virtual Machine Snapshot	🗗 Kerio	🥏 Completed	affa	
🐖 Tasks				

The name of the snaphot starts with "BEXI-". Do not delete it or revert to it while Affa is running.

## Uninstall

SSH login as root on the ESXi host and run these commands carefully:

```
grep -v "#BEXI" < /etc/rc.local >/etc/rc.local.affa; mv -f /etc/rc.local.affa /etc/rc.local
sed -e 's#^\(root:.*\)\(:/root:\)\(.*\)#\1:/:\3#' < /etc/passwd > /etc/passwd.affa; mv -f /etc/passwd.affa
sed -e 's/^\(ssh.*\)/#\1/' < /etc/inetd.conf > /etc/inetd.conf.affa; mv -f /etc/inetd.conf.affa /etc/inetd.
kill -HUP `ps | grep inetd | sed -e 's/ .*//'`
rm -rf /bin/rsync /root /bootbank/bexi
tar -C / -xzf /bootbank/environ.tgz sbin/dropbearmulti
```

## **Addtional Information**

How to update the ESXi System Image

Shutdown the ESXi server. Remove the USB Memory stick and plug it into a linux computer. run the dmesg command to find out the device the memory stick is assigned to. The following example assumes that it is /dev/sdf. Replace is by the correct device.

mkdir -p /mnt/esxi
mount -t vfat /dev/sdf5 /mnt/esxi
Save local.tgz and the bexi/ directory to the local machine

cp -a /mnt/esxi/local.tgz /mnt/esxi/bexi . umount /mnt/esxi

Download the ISO from the VMWare website (http://www.vmware.com/download/esxi/) and extract the image.

```
mount -o loop VMware-VMvisor-InstallerCD*iso /mnt/esxi/
mkdir -p /tmp/esxi
tar -xvzf /mnt/esxi/install.tgz -C /tmp/esxi/
umount /mnt/esxi
cd /tmp/esxi/usr/lib/vmware/installer/
bzip2 -d VMware-VMvisor-big*.dd.bz2
```

Write the new image to the memory stick. Make sure that you use the correct target device of=...

```
dd if=VMware-VMvisor-big-3.5.0_Update_3-123629.i386.dd of=/dev/sdf
rm -rf /tmp/esxi
```

Copy local.tgz and the bexi/ directory to the memory stick.

```
mount -t vfat /dev/sdf5 /mnt/esxi
cp -a local.tgz bexi /mnt/esxi
umount /mnt/esxi
```

Plug the memory stick into the ESXi server and power on.

Note: Alternatively you can install the new ESXi image on a second memory stick and then remote copy local.tgz and bexi/ from the running ESXi. Then shut down the ESXi server, replace the stick and power on. This minimizes the down time.

#### How to make a statically linked Rsync Binary

(This is just for information. A pre-build Rsync static is included in the affa-esxi-setup-\*.tgz tarball)

download the source from http://rsync.samba.org/

unpack the tarball

```
tar xzf rsync-3.0.4.tar.gz
cd rsync-3.0.4
build the statically linked binary
```

```
make CFLAGS="-static" EXEEXT="-static"
strip rsync-static
```

## References

Wiki article Affa

Retrieved from "http://wiki.contribs.org/Backup\_of\_ESXi\_Virtual\_Machines\_using\_Affa" Categories: Advanced | Howto | Backup

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